### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, FEDERAL AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



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### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Directors of Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments Waterbury, Connecticut 06702

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments (NVCOG), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6–11 and 25–26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Overhead Rate Calculation and the Financial Summary for the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Connecticut Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Overhead Rate Calculation, the Financial Summary for the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation, the Schedule of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Overhead Rate Calculation, the Financial Summary for the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation, the Schedule of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2021, on our consideration of the Government's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Government's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

40 & Company, LLC

Shelton, Connecticut January 23, 2021

As management of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments ("NVCOG"), we offer readers of NVCOG's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of NVCOG for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NVCOG was established on January 1, 2015 by the merger of the Council of Governments of the Central Naugatuck Valley and Valley Council of Governments. NVCOG provides local planning, technical and administrative services to its nineteen-member Towns. These are the Towns of Ansonia, Beacon Falls, Bethlehem, Bristol, Cheshire, Derby, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Oxford, Plymouth, Prospect, Seymour, Shelton, Southbury, Thomaston, Waterbury, Waterbury, Wolcott and Woodbury.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of NVCOG exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal period by \$837,241 (net assets) of this amount, \$752.756 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet NVCOG's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal period, NVCOG's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$752,756. The entire fund balance is available for spending at NVCOG's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to NVCOG's basic financial statements. NVCOG's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### Basis of Presentation

NVCOG is considered a single-program governmental organization for financial reporting purposes. Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* requires the presentation of government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities while the governmental fund financial statements consist of the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. NVCOG has no business-type activities. Rather than presenting government-wide financial statements along with separate governmental fund financial statements, NVCOG has chosen to combine the two types of financial statements as permitted by GASB Statement No. 34. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements of NVCOG consist of the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net assets and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances/statement of activities.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of NVCOG's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all NVCOG's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of NVCOG is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how NVCOG's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal period. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the tinting of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both government-wide financial statements display information about NVCOG's governmental activities, which consists of regional planning. NVCOG does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only NVCOG because there are no legally separate organizations for which NVCOG is legally accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. NVCOG uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of NVCOG can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal period. Such information may be useful in evaluating NVCOG's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of NVCOG's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

NVCOG maintains 17 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, 8 of which are classified as major funds. Data from the other 8 governmental funds

are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 15 of this report.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information other than this management's discussion and analysis that can be found starting on page 26 of this report.

Combining schedules and other supplementary information can be found starting on page 29 of this report.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### **Net Assets**

Over time, net assets may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Total net assets of NVCOG totaled \$837,241 and \$701,415 (as restated) as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively and is summarized as follows:

	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 2,370,625	\$ 2,242,067
Capital assets, net	84,485	97,203
Total assets	2,455,110	2,339,270
Other liabilities	1,617,869	1,637,855
Total liabilities	1,617,869	1,637,855
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net	84,485	108,070
Unrestricted	752,756	593,345
Total net assets	\$ 837,241	\$ 701,415

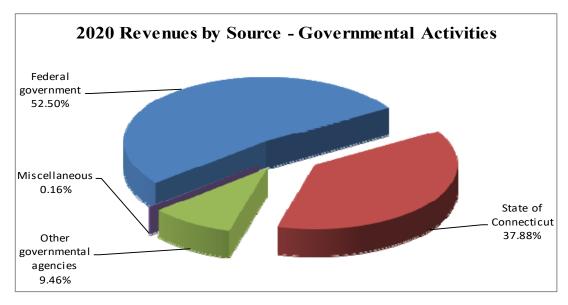
As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, 10.09% and 15.41% of NVCOG's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. NVCOG uses these capital assets to provide services to member Towns; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The remainder of NVCOG's net assets is considered unrestricted and may be used to meet NVCOG's ongoing obligations.

### **Changes in Net Assets**

Changes in net assets for the period ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

Revenues:	 2020	2019
Federal government	\$ 2,288,708	\$ 2,932,333
State of Connecticut	1,651,605	1,549,116
Other governmental agencies	412,335	303,197
Miscellaneous	 7,046	21,420
Total revenues	 4,359,694	4,806,066
Expenses:		
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	1,708,073	1,422,122
Contractors/Subcontractors	2,185,512	2,981,503
Equipment	29,141	14,973
Contingency	1	1,500
Other	262,477	239,100
Depreciation and amortization	 38,664	78,636
Total expenses	 4,223,868	4,737,834
Increase (decrease) in net position	135,826	68,232
Net position - beginning, as restated	 701,415	633,183
Net position - ending	\$ 837,241	\$ 701,415



### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased NVCOG's net assets by \$135,826 due to an increase in intergovernmental grant revenue, primarily state grants and from other governmental agencies. The general fund accounted for the entire increase of NVCOG's net assets.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF NVCOG'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, NVCOG uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of NVCOG's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term, inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing NVCOG's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of NVCOG's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal period.

As of the end of the current fiscal period, NVCOG's governmental funds reported combined ending and balances of \$752,756. The entire balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at NVCOG's discretion.

### General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of NVCOG. The entire governmental funds ending fund balances is recorded in the General Fund.

### Other Major Funds

The other major funds provide various transportation or other planning services to the Central Naugatuck Valley region. These funds are operated on a cost-reimbursement basis thus, there are no ending fund balances.

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

A preliminary budget shall be prepared on or before April 30<sup>th</sup> by the Executive Director and distributed to the Executive Committee for submission to the Council. The preliminary budget advanced to the Council shall be based upon: (1) a detailed chart of expenditure accounts considered by the Executive Committee; (2) January personnel evaluations conducted by the Executive Director under the guidance of the Executive Committee; (3) a staffing-salary plan approved by the Executive Committee; and (4) proposed goals for the ensuing fiscal period, which shall accompany the proposed budget. The Council will review the preliminary budget in May. A final budget shall be approved in June. In the event a budget is not adopted for the ensuing fiscal period, the budget for the preceding fiscal period shall be considered to be the approved budget until a new budget is adopted. The adopted annual budget covers the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds on a combined basis.

The original budget of \$4,286,268 was approved January 2019. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget (\$211,496 increase in appropriations) was due to changes in funding from primarily the Regional Incentive Program of \$142,477 and FTA Projects of \$34,694. That funding was offset in increased appropriations of Contractors/Subcontractors \$110,637 and Salaries and Benefits of \$107,609.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

NVCOG's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 totaled \$84,485 and \$97,203 respectfully, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes office equipment and leasehold improvements. There were no major capital asset transactions during the current fiscal period. The increase is primarily attributable to the renovations and expansion of their offices.

The following table is a comparison of the investment in capital assets presented for governmental activities:

	 2020	 2019
Office equipment	\$ 89,449	\$ 83,906
Computer equipment	169,944	150,741
Leasehold improvements	201,675	200,475
Website	 38,385	 38,385
Totals	\$ 499,453	\$ 473,507

Additional information on NVCOG's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 20 of this report.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

NVCOG receives intergovernmental revenues from the State of Connecticut. Connecticut's economy moves in the same general cycle as the national economy. Any loss or significant reduction of these revenues could have a significant adverse impact on NVCOG's financial position and program services.

This was considered in preparing NVCOG's budget for fiscal year 2021.

During the current fiscal period, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund increased to \$752,756. NVCOG has not appropriated any of this unassigned fund balance for spending in the 2020-2021 fiscal period budget.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of NVCOG's finances for all those with an interest in NVCOG's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Financial Director or Executive Director at Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments, 49 Leavenworth Street, Suite 303, Waterbury, CT 06702-2110.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

								Gov	vernmental F	und	ls Balance She	ets									Go	vernment-
		Pl	anning		Highway											Other		Total				Wide
	General	ι	JPWP		Projects		EPA		FTA		LOTCIP		DECD		OPM/	Govern'l	(	Govermental		Adjust's	Sta	tement of
	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Projects		Fund		Fund		RSG	Funds		Funds	_	(Note 5)	Ne	et Position
ASSETS																						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 29,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$	377,083	\$	244,220	\$	83,632	\$	-	\$	88,026	\$ 41,063	\$	863,054	\$	-	\$	863,054
Due from State of Connecticut Due from Federal	76		206,147		30,952		161,898		467,128		-		132,684		-	484,557 1,928		854,416 630,954		-		854,416 630,954
Due from other funds	888,349		-		357,854		-		-		_		-		_	1,720		1,246,203		(1,246,203)		-
Other assets	21,317		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	884		22,201		-		22,201
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 		_						_		_				<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>		84,485		84,485
Total assets	\$ 938,772	\$	206,147	\$	388,806	\$	538,981	\$	711,348	\$	83,632	\$	132,684	\$	88,026	\$ 528,432	\$	3,616,828	\$	(1,161,718)	\$	2,455,110
LIABILITIES																						
Current liabilities:																						
Accounts payable Accrued expense	\$ 177,945	\$	2,682	\$	48,510	\$	7,373	\$	137,533	\$	6,233	\$	-	\$	7,148	\$ 186,937	\$	396,416 177,945	\$	-	\$	396,416 177,945
Due to other funds	177,945		185,579		59,322		18,567		568,155		-		130,688		-	283,892		1,246,203		(1,246,203)		-
Total liabilities	177,945		188,261		107,832		25,940		705,688		6,233	_	130,688	_	7,148	470,829	_	1,820,564	_	(1,246,203)		574,361
DEFERRED INFLOWS																						
Grant revenues	 8,071		17,886	_	280,974	_	513,041		5,660	_	77,399		1,996		80,878	 57,603	_	1,043,508		<u>-</u>		1,043,508
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS																						
Fund balances:																						
Unassigned	752,756		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		752,756		(752,756)		-
Total fund balances	752,756		-		-				-		-		-			-		752,756		(752,756)		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 938,772	\$	206,147	\$	388,806	\$	538,981	\$	711,348	\$	83,632	\$	132,684	\$	88,026	\$ 528,432	\$	3,616,828				
Net Position: Invested in capital assets,																						
net of related debt																				84,485		84,485
Unrestricted net position																				752,756		752,756
																			\$	837,241	\$	837,241

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVNUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expendituresand Changes in Fund Balances							Government-				
REVENUES	General Fund	Planning UPWP Fund	Highway Projects Fund	EPA Fund	FTA Projects	LOTCIP Fund	DECD Fund	OPM/ RSG	Other Govern'l Funds	Total Govermental Funds	Adjust's (Note 5)	Wide Statement of Activities
Federal government	\$ -	\$ 909,726		-			\$ -		\$ 79,264	2,288,708		\$ 2,288,708
State of Connecticut	φ - -	109,681	197,797	φ 420,5/1	35,418	84,812	119,356	490,004	614,537	1,651,605	φ - -	1,651,605
Other governmental agencies	294,471	-	-	15,491	-		-	-	102,373	412,335	_	412,335
Miscellaneous	2,913	3,711	422	-	-	-	_	-	-	7,046	-	7,046
Total revenues	297,384	1,023,118	292,343	443,862	812,641	84,812	119,356	490,004	796,174	4,359,694		4,359,694
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES												
Current:												
Direct costs:												
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	832,974	493,322	-	41,648	57,483	30,705	2,274	196,669	52,998	1,708,073	-	1,708,073
Contractors/Subcontractors	7,311	40,536	292,379	360,795	686,687	18,203	114,428	1,306	663,867	2,185,512	-	2,185,512
Equipment	18,943	18,742	-	2,147	-	-	-	1,744	13,511	55,087	(25,946)	29,141
Contingency	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		1
Other	213,688	8,143	14	11,217	1,372	64	-	22,507	5,472	262,477	-	262,477
Indirect costs	(1,022,667)	576,373	-	48,616	67,099	35,840	2,654	229,671	62,414	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortization	-			-							38,664	38,664
Total expenditures/expenses	50,250	1,137,116	292,393	464,423	812,641	84,812	119,356	451,897	798,262	4,211,150	12,718	4,223,868
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	247,134	(113,998)	(50)	(20,561)	-	-	-	38,107	(2,088)	148,544	(12,718)	135,826
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	_	113,998	50	20,805	_	_	_	_	2,088	136,941	_	136,941
Transfers out	(98,590)	-	_	(244)	-	-	_	(38,107)	-	(136,941)	-	(136,941)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(98,590)	113,998	50	20,561				(38,107)	2,088			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and												
other financing uses	148,544	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	148,544	(148,544)	-
Change in net assets	-				-	-				-	\$ 135,826	135,826
Fund balances/net position - beginning of year, as restated	604,212									604,212		701,415
Fund balances/net position -												
end of year	\$ 752,756	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 752,756		\$ 837,241

See notes to the financial statements.

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments ("NVCOG") was established on January 1, 2015 by the merger of the Council of Governments of the Central Naugatuck Valley and Valley Council of Governments. NVCOG provides local planning, technical and administrative services to its nineteen-member Towns. These are the Towns of Ansonia, Beacon Falls, Bethlehem, Bristol, Cheshire, Derby, Middlebury, Naugatuck, Oxford, Plymouth, Prospect, Seymour, Shelton, Southbury, Thomaston, Waterbury, Watertown, Wolcott and Woodbury. The accounting policies of NVCOG conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental organizations.

### FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

NVCOG is governed by a 19-member board of directors, comprised of an elected official from each municipality served by NVCOG. NVCOG is funded primarily by assessments of area municipalities and federal and state grants. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only the funds of the Council of Governments of Central Naugatuck Valley (the primary government) as no component units exist based on operational or financial relationships with NVCOG.

### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

NVCOG is considered a single-program governmental organization for financial reporting purposes. Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* require the presentation of government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. The fund financial statements consist of the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. NVCOG has no business-type activities. Rather than presenting government-wide financial statements along with separate governmental funds financial statements, NVCOG has chosen to combine the two types of financial statements as permitted by GASB Statement No. 34. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements of NVCOG consist of the governmental funds balances sheet/statement of net assets and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances/statement of activities.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

Information presented in the government-wide statement of net assets column and in the government-wide statement of activities column of the accompanying financial statements includes all financial activities of NVCOG. NVCOG's activities are financed through member municipality assessments, inter-governmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

Information presented in the government-wide statement of activities column demonstrates the degree to which NVCOG's expenses are offset by revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. For NVCOG's purposes, all revenues and expenses are related to a single program, regional planning.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

Information presented in the fund financial statements columns provides information about NVCOG's governmental funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

NVCOG reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund -** This fund is NVCOG's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of NVCOG, except those not accounted for and reported in another fund.

**Planning UPWP Fund-** This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in providing comprehensive urban and rural transportation planning for its member municipalities.

**Highway Project Fund -** This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in the development of contract plans, specifications and estimates for highway projects.

**EPA Assessment Fund and Revolving Loan Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in for assessment of petroleum and hazardous sites. Depending on environmental conditions and history, a site may qualify for petroleum grants, hazardous grants or both. This funding can be used to develop environmental information for a site in order to better understand the existing conditions. This data is leveraged to develop cleanup strategies with the goal of remediation and reuse.

**FTA Projects Fund -** This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in providing comprehensive urban and rural transportation planning for its member municipalities.

**LOTCIP Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in to provide state funds to planning region areas in lieu of the federal transportation funds allocated under the Surface Transportation Program for urbanized areas.

**DECD Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred concerning Municipal Brownfield Assessment Projects

**Regional Councils of Government RSG Fund (OPM/RSG)** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred in for planning purposes and to achieve efficiencies in the delivery of municipal services by regionalizing such services, including, but not limited to, region-wide consolidation of such services.

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

### Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments from member municipalities are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are susceptible to accrual, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, NVCOG considers revenues pertaining to member municipality assessments, grants and contracts, and interest associated with the current period to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by NVCOG. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital projects are reported as other financing sources.

### ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY

### **Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased. At June 30, 2020, NVCOG's cash balance on hand amounted to \$863,054. Of that cash balance on hand included cash equivalents that amounted to \$613,774. The entire balance consisted of funds in a municipal money market at People's United Bank, N.A.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which are comprised of office equipment, computer equipment and leasehold improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. A capital asset is defined by NVCOG as an asset with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of NVCOG are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Computer equipment	3
Leasehold improvements	3
Office equipment	5

### **Compensated Absences**

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide statement of net assets. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year, or the vested amount is expected to be paid with available resources.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a futures period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. As of June 30, 2020, the governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source, grant funds. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

### **Fund Equity**

Information presented in the government-wide statement of net assets column includes NVCOG's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

**Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** - This category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. NVCOG had no capital related debt as of June 30, 2020.

**Restricted net assets** - This category consists of net assets whose use is restricted either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or through restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. None of NVCOG's net assets is considered to be restricted as of June 30, 2020.

*Unassigned net assets* - This category consists of net assets, which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

NVCOG's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

*Nonspendable* - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. None of NVCOG's fund balance is restricted to be nonspendable as of June 30, 2020.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. None of NVCOG's fund balance is considered to be restricted as of June 30, 2020.

Committed - Amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision-making authority of NVCOG) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless NVCOG removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action. None of NVCOG's fund balance is considered to be committed as of June 30, 2020.

Assigned - Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. The Board of Directors is the body authorized to assign fund balance via formal voting procedures regulated by the Council's Charter. None of NVCOG's fund balance is considered assigned as of June 30, 2020.

Unassigned - Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories. NVCOG does not have a formal policy over the use of fund balance. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, NVCOG will use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed; assigned; then unassigned.

### **INTERFUND ACTIVITIES**

### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal period are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

### **CASH DEPOSITS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, NVCOG will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2020, NVCOG's bank balance of \$1,202,344 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollaterized	\$ 893,607
Uninsured and collateral held by the pleding bank's	
trust department, not in the Government's name	 99,290
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	\$ 992,897

All deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by State statute. Under this statute, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank. NVCOG's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2020 consisted of cash deposits of \$863,054.

### **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the period ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Beginning						]	Ending
	B	alance	I	ncreases	Decre	eases	В	alance
<b>Governmental Activities</b>								
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Office equipment	\$	83,906	\$	5,543	\$	-	\$	89,449
Computer equipment		150,741		19,203		-		169,944
Leasehold improvements		200,475		1,200		-		201,675
Website		38,385						38,385
Total capital assets, being depreciated		473,507	_	25,946				499,453
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization:								
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	_(	376,304)	_	(38,664)			_(	414,968)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		97,203	_	(12,718)				84,485
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	97,203	\$	(12,718)	\$		\$	84,485

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the primary government as follows:

General government activities

\$ 38,664

### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Amount	
<b>Governmental Funds</b>		
General Fund	Planning UPWP Fund	\$ 185,579
General Fund	Highway Projects Fund	59,322
General Fund	EPA Assesment Fund	18,567
General Fund	FTA Projects	568,155
General Fund	DECD	130,688
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	 283,892
Total due from/to other funds		\$ 1,246,203

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
<b>Governmental Funds</b>		
Planning UPWP Fund	General Fund	\$ 113,998
Highway Project Find	General Fund	50
EPA Assesment Fund	General Fund	20,805
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 2,088
		\$ 136,941

The purpose of the transfers to/from the General Fund to the various funds was to cover local matching requirements of various grant programs.

# NOTE 5 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Adjustments to convert from the governmental funds balance sheet to the government-wide statement of net assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2020:

Capital assets, net used in governmental activities \$ 84,485

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:

Office equipment	\$ 89,449
Computer equipment	169,944
Leasehold improvements	201,675
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (414,968)
	\$ 84,485

Long-term liabilities applicable to NVCOG's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets. There were no long-term liabilities to report for the year ended June 30, 2020.

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Adjustments to convert from the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to the government-wide statement of activities consisted of the following for the period ended June 30, 2020:

Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 38,664
Fixed asset additions	 (25,946)
	\$ 12,718

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and ammonization expense. Therefore, an adjustment is made for the amount by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital outlays during the current period.

Repayments on long-term liabilities consume the current financial resources of governmental funds whereas such repayments serve to reduce the long-term liability balance of governmental activities. Therefore, an adjustment is made to account for the difference in how repayments made during the current period are treated.

### **NOTE 7 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY**

A large concentration of revenue is comprised of federal and state grants received from the State of Connecticut. Any loss of or significant reduction in these grants could have a significant adverse impact on NVCOG's financial position and program services.

### **NOTE 8- RISK MANAGEMENT**

NVCOG is subject to normal risks associated with its operations including property damage, personal injury and employee dishonesty. All risks are managed through the purchase of commercial insurance. Losses incurred from insured risks have not exceeded insurance coverage.

### **NOTE 9 - LEASE COMMITMENT**

NVCOG leases office space starting July 1, 2015 and terminating June 30, 2025 with two extension options until June 30, 2035. Rent expense amounted to \$76,650 for the period ended June 30, 2020. The annual required leases payments are as follows:

July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2025	\$ 84,315
July 1, 2025 to June 30, 2030	\$ 92,747
July 1, 2031 to June 30, 2035	\$ 102,021

### NOTE 10 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The beginning net position of NVCOG was restated as of the July 1, 2019 as follows:

Net position at beginning of year	\$ 663,030
Adjustment for purchase of fixed asset	
previously expensed	 38,385
Net Poisiton at beginning of year, as restated	\$ 701,415

### **NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus has spread around the world resulting in business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations results of the Company could potentially be adversely affected by this global pandemic. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus. The NVCOG has not included any contingencies in the financial statements specific to this issue.

Subsequent events were evaluated through January 23, 2021, the date of the financial statements was available to be issued.



### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

						Variance With		
	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)		
REVENUES								
Federal	\$	1,939,976	\$	1,971,503	\$ 2,283,258	\$ 311,755		
State	Ψ	2,034,640	Ψ	2,199,609	1,657,055	(542,554)		
Local		309,652		324,652	412,335	87,683		
Other		2,000		2,000	7,046	5,046		
Total revenues		4,286,268		4,497,764	4,359,694	(138,070)		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Salaries		1,084,101		1,154,586	1,220,058	65,472		
Benefits		505,560		542,684	488,015	(54,669)		
Advertising/Publication/Notices		6,575		1,500	6,169	4,669		
Insurance-WC		3,866		3,866	2,452	(1,414)		
Insurance-Office/Business		12,360		14,000	12,981	(1,019)		
Computer Service/Supplies/Licenses		25,000		18,000	35,883	17,883		
Computer Capital Replacement		15,000		16,000	19,204	3,204		
Contractors/Subcontractors		2,364,100		2,474,737	2,185,512	(289,225)		
Dues/Subscriptions		7,250		7,250	2,511	(4,739)		
IT Maintenance Agreement		12,156		12,156	13,356	1,200		
Lease Expense		2,500		2,500	773	(1,727)		
Printing		8,500		6,000	4,488	(1,512)		
Professional-Accounting		22,000		20,000	15,400	(4,600)		
Professional-Legal		50,000		40,000	36,180	(3,820)		
Rent		76,650		76,650	76,650	-		
Renovations-Office		5,000		5,000	1,200	(3,800)		
Supplies-Office		19,000		24,835	25,687	852		
Telephone/Internet Service		13,650		12,400	12,616	216		
Training/Professional Development		7,000		4,000	2,280	(1,720)		
Travel		20,000		25,000	28,050	3,050		
Utilities		19,000		28,600	18,639	(9,961)		
Website		5,000		5,000	3,045	(1,955)		
Contingency		2,000		3,000	1	(2,999)		
Total expenditures		4,286,268		4,497,764	4,211,150	(286,614)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	_	\$		\$ 148,544	\$ 148,544		

### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgets are adopted by the Board of Directors on a modified accrual basis. The adopted annual budget covers the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds on a combined basis.

The Executive Committee for NVCOG prepares and presents to the Board of Directors a budget at the June board meeting. The Board of Directors may amend tills budget, but must adopt a formal budget by June 30. The Board has the authority to make line item transfers and additional appropriations. Spending by management is limited by the total amount appropriated during any fiscal period. Appropriations lapse at period end.

NVCOG does not employ encumbrance accounting since at present it is not considered necessary to assure budgetary control. Any excess of expenditures over revenues will be funded by either future revenue or the respective fund balances.

### NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the period ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following objects (the legal level of control):

Salaries	\$ 65,472
Computer Service/Supplies/Licenses	17,883
Advertising/Publication/Notices	4,669
Computer Capital Replacement	3,204
Travel	3,050
IT Maintenance Agreement	1,200
Supplies-Office	852
Telephone/Internet Service	216

The over expenditures of direct pass-through items are directly related to awards received and not originally budgeted, and passed through to other governmental entities. The excess expenditures were funding through additional awards and/or using available fund balance and do not represent a violation of any regulatory or statutory provisions.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	DEMHS omeland	]	Citizen Emergency		Fema Pre- Disaster		Regional cetive Grant		DEEP	RR House vr Rest-	(	COVID			F	Hazzardous	tal Nonmajor overnmental
	 Security		Response		Mitagation		Program		Greenway	Osull		Relief	GI	S Shelton		Waste	Funds
ASSETS Cash Receivables:	\$ 18,896	\$	3,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,630	\$	14,976	\$ 41,063
Due from State of Connecticut Due from federal Due from other funds			- - -		1,928		255,894		51,850	93,362		80,077 - -		3,000		374 - -	484,557 1,928
Other assets  Total assets	\$ 18,896	\$	3,561	\$	1,928	\$	255,894	\$	51,850	\$ 93,362	\$	80,077	\$	6,630	\$	884 16,234	\$ 528,432
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																	
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ - -	\$	1,750	\$	1,928	\$	176,498 72,277	\$	45 44,868	\$ 2,589 90,773	\$	7,781 72,296	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	24	\$ 186,937 283,892
Total liabilities	 -		1,750		1,928		248,775	-	44,913	 93,362		80,077				24	 470,829
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS</b> Grant revenues	 18,896		1,811	_		_	7,119		6,937	 		<u>-</u>		6,630		16,210	 57,603
Fund balances: Unassigned	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	_					<u> </u>	 <del>-</del>
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 18,896	\$	3,561	\$	1,928	\$	255,894	\$	51,850	\$ 93,362	\$	80,077	\$	6,630	\$	16,234	\$ 528,432

### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	DEMHS	Citizen	Fema Pre-							<b>Total Nonmajor</b>
	Homeland	Emergency	Disaster	Regional Incetive	DEEP	HRR House			Hazzardous	Governmental
	Security	Response	Mitagation	Grant Program	Greenway	Rvr Rest-Osull	COVID Relief	GIS Shelton	Waste	Funds
REVENUES Federal government State of Connecticut Other governmental agencies Total revenues	\$ 11,798 - - 11,798	\$ 3,439 - - - 3,439	\$ 2,688	\$ - 355,242 - 355,242	\$ 5,450 179,218 10,768 195,436	\$ 55,889 - - - 55,889	\$ - 80,077 - 80,077	\$ - 3,000 3,000	\$ - 88,605 88,605	\$ 79,264 614,537 102,373 796,174
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Direct costs										
Salaries and Fringe Benefits Contractors/Subcontractors Equipment Contingency Other Indirect costs	5,438 - - - 9 6,351	1,571 - - - 23 1,845	1,654 - - - - - 2,457	355,242 - - - -	4,132 186,241 - 240 4,823	545 55,373 - - - - 636	29,786 - 13,511 - 2,007 34,773	3,000	9,872 64,011 - - 3,193 11,529	52,998 663,867 13,511 - 5,472 62,414
Total expenditures	11,798	3,439	4,111	355,242	195,436	56,554	80,077	3,000	88,605	798,262
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in/(out)	-	-	(1,423) 1,423	- -	-	(665) 665	-	-	-	(2,088) 2,088
Net change in fund balances					-			-		
Fund balance - beginning of year										
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS FINANCIAL SUMMARY FOR THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	COGCNV FHWA/FTA UR18001 5.09-04(17) 20.505	VCOG FHWA/FTA UR18001 5.09-04(17) 20.505	FHWA/FTA PL CARRYOVER FUNDS UR20(002) 5.09-04(17) 20.505	Total
Maximum Funds Authorized				
FHWA/FTA	\$ 1,235,484	\$ 476,259	\$ 639,512	\$ 2,351,255
ConnDOT	154,436	59,532	- 055,512	213,968
Local	154,436	59,532	159,878	373,846
	1,544,356	595,323	799,390	2,939,069
				-
Audited Expenditures:				-
Direct Costs:				-
Salaries	347,565	109,553	1,388	458,506
Other	463,305	146,034	1,850	611,189
Indirect costs:	28,687	1,620	37,113	67,420
	839,557	257,207	40,351	1,137,115
				-
Distribution of Audited Costs:				-
FHWA/FTA	671,646	205,766	32,281	909,693
ConnDOT	83,955	25,721	-	109,676
Local	83,955	25,721	8,070	117,746
	839,556	257,208	40,351	1,137,115
ConnDOT responsibility:				-
FHWA	671,646	205,766	32,281	909,693
ConnDOT	83,955	25,721	52,261	109,676
Compor	755,601	231,487	32,281	1,019,369
	700,001	201,107	32,201	-
Payments received through 6/30/20	619,052	189,503	19,703	828,258
Due from ConnDOT, 6/30/20	136,549	41,984	12,578	191,111
Payments received 7/1/20 to 12/31/20	136,549	41,984	424	178,957
Due from ConnDOT, 12/31/20	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,154	\$ 12,154

### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS INDIRECT RATE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **INDIRECT COSTS**

Salaries	\$ 183,556
Compensated absences	186,200
Fringe benefits	423,294
Rent	76,650
Professional fees	25,224
Office expense	26,769
Insurance	15,433
Printing	4,854
Dues, books and subscriptions	2,511
Computer maintenance	32,299
Utilities	18,639
Telephone	12,616
Repairs and maintnance	1,200
Training	725
Travel	<u>9,452</u>
Total indirect costs	<u>\$ 1,019,422</u>
TOTAL PAYROLL	1,220,058
LESS: Compensated absences	186,200
LESS: Indirect payroll	183,556
Payroll base	\$ 850,302
Overhead rate	<u>119.89%</u>

### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE INDIRECT RATE CALCULATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY**

Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments ("NVCOG") was established on January 1, 2015 by the merger of the Council of Governments of the Central Naugatuck Valley and Valley Council of Governments, and organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut in accordance with General Statutes Sections 4-124i through 4-124p and Special Act No. 73-79 of the Connecticut General Assembly.

Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments is considered to be a legally separate organization under a joint venture agreement with the member municipalities. Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments has the right to enter into legal contracts and incur its own debt. Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments mission, as a regional council of governments, is to provide a centralized agency responsible for coordinating regional planning activities that benefit its members. Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments has the authority to apply for federal and state funds to further the activities and purpose of the agency.

Each member community appoints representatives to sit on the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments Board of Directors. The Board is responsible for establishing and approving policies, resolutions and the annual budget. Member assessments are charged on a per capita basis and approved by the Board.

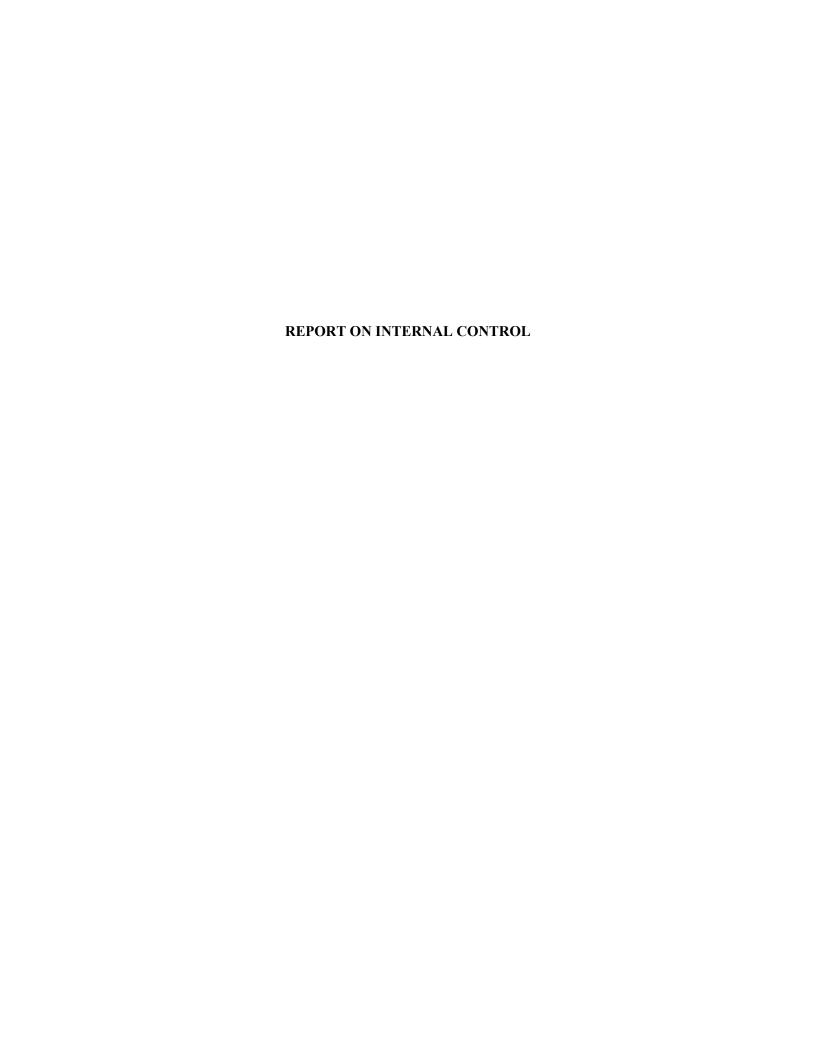
### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND DESCRIPTION OF ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS

Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments policy is to prepare its schedule of indirect costs (the Schedule) on the basis of accounting practices prescribed by Cost Principles under Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Subpart E. Accordingly, the Schedule is not intended to present the costs of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **NOTE 3 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The Schedule presents indirect expenses and rate recalculation for the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Criteria used for determining allowable costs and the method of rate calculation are Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Subpart E, Cost Principles (Uniform Guidance).





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments as of and for the period ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2021.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

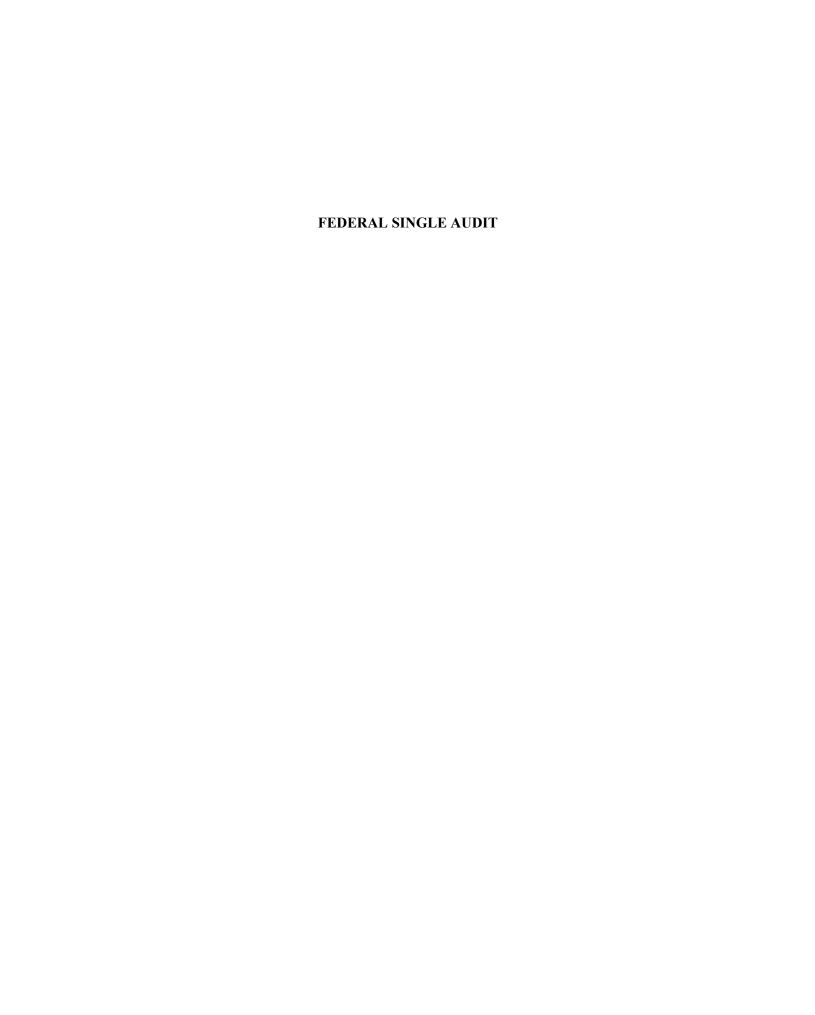
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Government's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

40 & Company, LLC

Shelton, Connecticut January 23, 2021





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

40 & Company, LLC

Shelton, Connecticut January 23, 2021

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity ID Number	Expenditures to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Department of Environmental Protection:				
Direct:				
Revolving Loan Fund Brownfields Assesment & Cleanup	66.814 66.818		\$ - 	\$ 333,212 95,159
Total Department of Envoromental Protection			-	428,371
Department of the Interior:				
Direct:				
Natural Resource Damage Assessment, Restoration and Implementation	15.658		-	55,889
Department of Transportation:				
Direct:				
Highway Planning and Construction:				
Cares Act Relief Fund	20.507		_	602,766
Route 67 Improvements	20.208		-	38,968
Route 34 Improvements	20.208			55,156
			-	696,890
Department of Homeland Security  Passed Through the State of Connecticut  Department of Housing:  Hurricane Sandy Community Development  Block Grant Disaster Recovery Grants (CDBG-DR) (A)	14.269		-	5,450
Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through the State of Connecticut Department of Emergency Management & Homeland Security:				
Pre-Disaster Mitagation	97.047		-	2,688
Homeland Security Regional Collaboration				
Program Citizen Corps/CERT	97.067		-	11,798
•	97.053			3,439
Total Department of Homeland Security			-	17,925
Department of Transportation:				
Passed through the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction (FHWA)	20.205	5.09-04(17)	-	671,646
Highway Planning and Construction (FHWA)	20.205	5.09-04(17)	-	205,799
Highway Planning and Construction (FHWA) FTA Capital Grant	20.205	5.09-04(17)	-	32,281
2 111 Suprimi Static	20.507	01.13-01(09)		174,457
				1,084,183
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	OF FEDER	RAL AWARDS	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,288,708

#### NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Organization under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the consolidated financial position, changes in net position of the Organization.

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. For cost-reimbursement awards, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. For performance-based awards, expenditures reported represent amounts earned.

#### **NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RECOVERY**

The Organization has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as provided under Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTION COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	i	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	- -	Yes		X X	_No _None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements	noted?	Yes		X	_No
Federal Financial Assistance					
Internal control over major programs:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	, <u>-</u>	Yes	_	X X	_No _None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidan  The following schedule reflects the major pro-	ice?	Yes this audit:		X	_No
The following schedule reflects the major prog Grantor	grams included in	tilis audit.			
and Program Title	Grant Program Core-CT Numbe			Expenditu	ires
Highway Planning and Construction (FHWA)  Cares Act Relief Fund	20.205 20.507		\$	909,726 602,766	
FTA Capital Grant	20.507		\$	174,457 777,223 1,686,949	
Dollar Threshold used to distinguish between	Type A and Type	B program:	<u>\$</u>	750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_	Yes		X	_No

## NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTION COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# II. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

- We issued reports, dated January 23, 2021, on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- Our report on compliance indicated no reportable instances of noncompliance.
- Our report on internal control over financial reporting no significant deficiencies.

# III. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARD FINDING AND QUESTION COSTS

- We issued reports, dated January 23, 2021, on compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with the OMB Compliance Supplement.
- Our report on compliance indicated no reportable instances of noncompliance.
- Our report on internal control over compliance indicated no reportable control deficiencies.





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM, REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE CONNECTICUT STATE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

To the Board of Directors of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments (the "Council") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management Compliance Supplement to the State Single Audit Act that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Council's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Council's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of state findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Council's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the period ended June 30, 2020.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

AO & Company, LLC

Shelton, Connecticut January 23, 2021

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	State Grant Program	Passed Through	
State Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Core - CT Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
Department of Economic and Community Development			
Brownfield Remediation Program	12052-ECD46260-43403	\$ -	\$ 119,356
Department of Environmental Protection			
Thomaston Watertown Design	12060-DEP44321-20296	-	145,330
Responsible Growth Study-7 Mile gap in NRG	12052-DEP43153-43130		33,888
		-	179,218
Office of Policy and Management			
Regional Service Grant	12060-OPM20600-35457	-	490,004
Regional Performance Incentive Program-Wastewater Study	12060-OPM20600-35457		256,592
Regional Performance Incentive Program-School Consolidation Study COVID-19 Recovery Planning	12060-OPM20600-35457		98,650
	12060-OPM20600-35457		80,077
		-	925,323
Department of Transportation			
Regional Transportation Planning (FTA)	12062-DOT57184-22108	-	83,956
Regional Transportation Planning (FTA)	12062-DOT57184-22108	-	25,725
Bus/Rail Facility & Improvments	13033-DOT57931-41390		35,418
Local Transportation Planning Improvement Program Local Transportation Planning Improvement Program	13033-DOT57000-43584	-	84,812
	13033-DOT57000-43584		197,797
			427,708
TOTAL STATE I	FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE	C \$ -	\$ 1,651,605

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes state grant activity of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments under programs of the State of Connecticut for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund several programs including Brownfield Remediation, Transportation Planning, Bus Services and Greenway Development.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Naugatuck Valley Council of Governments conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental organizations.

The information in the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

#### Basis of Accounting

The expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with Section 4-236-22 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act, certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity, and accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTION COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		X None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No	
State Financial Assistance			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		X None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for			
major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be			
reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the			
Regulations to the state Single Audit Act?	Yes	X No	
The following schedule reflects the major programs included i	in this audit:		
State Grantor			
and	State Grant Program		
Program Title	Core-CT Number	Expenditures	
Office of Policy and Management			
Regional Service Grant	12060-OPM20600-35457	\$ 490,004	
Regional Performance Incentive Program	12060-OPM20600-35457	\$ 435,319	
Local Transportation Planning Improvement Program	13033-DOT57000-43584	\$ 282,609	
Dollar Threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Typ	e B program:	\$ 200,000	

# NAUGATUCK VALLEY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTION COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None noted.

# III. STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No findings were reported.

# STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

No findings were reported.